INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY/DISTRICT MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST INTERNAL NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

PG: 70-33 Property/District Name: Thomas Junius Calloway House Survey Number: PG 70 49 33 Project: ISTEA Agency: SHA/MNCPPC Site visit by MHT Staff: X no yes Name Date Eligibility recommended XX Eligibility **not** recommended Criteria: A X B X C D Considerations: A B C D E F G None Justification for decision: (Use continuation sheet if necessary and attach map) The Thomas J. Calloway House, 9949 Elm Street, Lincoln, Prince George's County, MD is a 1910 Foursquare, built for the General Manager of the Lincoln Land and Improvement Company. Lincoln was a commuter suburb/retreat founded by African Americans who worked in the District of Columbia. The town is located next to the WB& A Trolley Line which ran between Washington, Annapolis and Baltimore, allowing easy commutes any of the three cities. The foursquare was possibly designed by Lincoln Designer Isaiah T. Hatton who designed several other foursquares in the Town. The Calloway House is a 2-1/2 story, frame building, originally covered in German siding which is now hidden beneath aluminum siding. The off-center main entrance is in the second bay of the front facade. The windows are one over one. There are hip dormers in the south and east planes of the roof and a one-story semi-octagonal projecting bay on the south elevation. A full width one story porch with a hipped roof stretches across the front elevation. The Calloway House's associations with Thomas Junius Calloway, Lincoln's General Manager, a person important to the development of Lincoln, makes the house eligible for the Register under Criterion B. Although the house is typical of early twentieth century suburban houses; it is associated with Lincoln architect Isaiah T. Hatton's designs; and a contributing element to the Lincoln Survey Area; thus making it an example of community planning and architecture, and therefore eligible for the National Register under Criterion C. Documentation on the property/district is presented in: Project Review and Compliance Files Prepared by: AEBruder November 24, 1997 Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services Date NR program concurrence: Yes ___ no ___ not applicable Iter & Centre 12/3
Reviewer, NR program

PG: 70-33

Survey No. <u>PG 70 49 33</u>

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA - HISTORIC CONTEXT

I. Geographic Region:	
Eastern Shore	(all Eastern Shore counties, and Cecil)
	(Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Prince George's and St. Mary's)
Piedmont	(Baltimore City, Baltimore, Carroll,
	Frederick, Harford, Howard, Montgomery)
	(Allegany, Garrett and Washington)
II. Chronological/Developmental I	Periods:
g - _F	
Paleo-Indian	10000-7500 B.C.
Early Archaic	7500-6000 B.C.
Middle Archaic	6000-4000 B.C.
Late Archaic	4000-2000 B.C.
Early Woodland	2000-500 B.C.
Middle Woodland	500 B.C A.D. 900
Late Woodland/Archaic	A.D. 900-1600
Contact and Settlement	A.D. 1570-1750
Rural Agrarian Intensification	A.D. 1680-1815
Agricultural-Industrial Transition	A.D. 1815-1870
XX Industrial/Urban Dominance	A.D. 1870-1930
Modern Period	A.D. 1930-Present
Unknown Period (prehistoric	historic)
III. Prehistoric Period Themes:	IV. Historic Period Themes:
Subsistence	Agriculture
Settlement	XX Architecture, Landscape Architecture,
	and Community Planning
Political	Economic (Commercial and Industrial)
Demographic	Government/Law
Religion	Military
Technology	Religion
Environmental Adaptation	Social/Educational/Cultural
-	Transportation
V. Resource Type:	
V 1	
Category: Building	
Historic Environment: Suburban	
Historic Function(s) and Use(s):	Single Family Dwelling/House
Vnoum Docion C	T
Known Design Source: Possible	y Isaiah T. Hatton

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

MHT # p_{G} HISTORIC Survey: $(PG#70-49-33)$	SITE SUMMARY SHEET
Survey: (PG# 70-49-33)	Building Date: 1910
Building Name: Thomas J. Calloway	House
Location: 9949 Elm Street, Lincoln,	MD
Private/Reside	nce/Occupied/Good/Inaccessible

Description

The Thomas Junius Calloway House is representative of the modest Foursquare, one of the popular dwelling forms in the growing subdivisions of the early twentieth century. It is a hip-roof structure of the compact Foursquare plan, two-and-one-half-stories high, of wood frame construction. Entrance is in the second bay of the east facade, sheltered by a one-story porch with slim Tuscan columns and plain balustrade; the porch wraps around and shelters part of the south elevation which fronts on the railroad right-of-way. The original German siding of the house is presently covered with white aluminum siding. The lines of the building are varied by hip dormers centered in the south and east planes of the roof, and a one-story semi-octagonal projecting bay on the south elevation.

Significance

The Calloway House is typical of houses being built in the suburbs of the early twentieth century; it represents the popular American Foursquare, in its compact or 3/4 form. It was built in 1910 for Thomas Junius Calloway, general manager of the Lincoln Land and Improvement Company, and the prime mover in the promotion of the new Lincoln community. It is nearly identical with the house designed by Isaiah T. Hatton for his family, and it is very likely that Hatton designed the Calloways' house as well. Writing in 1915 about the developing Lincoln community, Calloway indicated that through Hatton's guidance the community had been able to maintain a high standard in home planning, and in return the community had helped Hatton "by putting practically all our business of designing into his hands." Calloway was a man of considerable importance in the progress of African Americans on a national level. A graduate of Fisk, he had received a law degree from Howard University in 1904, and he practiced law in Washington, D.C. Calloway was instrumental in acquiring Rosenwald funding for the Lincoln School, and served as its first principal. The house built for Calloway's family in Lincoln was typical of the period, and modest in form; it is important, however, because of the prominence of its owner.

Acreage: 13,059 square feet

P. G. #70-33
Thomas J. Calloway House
9949 Elm Street, Lanham, Md.
Priv/Occ/Res/Good

1910

The Calloway house is a "four-square", two-and-one-half-story frame house with hipped roof. It is three bays wide, with entrance into the third bay of the main facade (northeast). (Unlike most of the other older houses in the community of Lincoln, the Calloway house was positioned diagonally on its lot.) It has a one-story porch across the main facade, and a small pyramidal hipped dormer centered on the roof ridge.

The Calloway house is one of the original houses built in Lincoln, a suburban community of middle-class Blacks established in 1908 by the Lincoln Land and Improvement Company. Thomas Calloway, real-estate agent for this company, purchased his lot in 1910, and his home was subsequently used as a model for families interested in purchasing lots in Lincoln. Calloway was one of the most prominent residents of Lincoln: a practicing lawyer, he was also an early civil rights activist; he was a founding trustee of Bethel A.M.E. Church (Seaton Memorial) in Lincoln, and was instrumental in obtaining a Rosenwald Grant for the construction of the Lincoln School, after which he served as its first principal. He was the first and only Black from Prince George's County to serve on the Maryland Inter-racial Commission in 1927. His home was a significant element in the development of an early middle-class black suburban community, and stands as a symbol of the prominence of its first occupant.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No (PG#70-49-33)

Magi No. PG: 70-33

DOE __yes __no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)	and the second s
historic Thomas J. Calloway House	
and/or common	
2. Location	
street & number 9949 Elm Street	not for publication
city, town Lincolnvicinity e	of 2 congressional district 4
state MD ₂ cc	ounty PG
3. Classification	
Category Ownership Status	entertainmentreligious idgovernmentscientific
4. Owner of Property (give name	ses and mailing addresses of all owners)
William and Phyllis Martin	
street & number 9949 Elm Street	telephone no.: 301-794-7383
	tate and zip code MD 20706
5. Location of Legal Descri	ption
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. PGC Courthouse	1iber 5400
street & number 14735 Main Street	folio 694
city, town Upper Marlboro	state MD
6. Representation in Existing	1g Historical Surveys
Historic Sites and Districts Plan	
1992	federalstateX countyloca
depository for survey records M-NCPPC	
cky, town Upper Marlboro	stoke MD 20772

ondition	Check one	Check one		
. Description	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Survey	No PG #49-

zonaition — excellent — — good	deteriorated	Check one unaitered	Check one original site			
fair	unexposed	_^_ aftered	moved o	date of	move	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Thomas Junius Calloway House is representative of the modest Foursquare, one of the popular dwelling forms in the growing subdivisions of the early twentieth century. It was built in 1910 for one of the most influential of the early residents of the Lincoln, and was one of the earliest dwellings built in the new community of Lincoln.

The Calloway House is a hip-roof structure of the compact Foursquare plan, two-and-one-half-stories high, of wood frame construction. Entrance is in the second bay of the east facade, sheltered by a one-story porch with slim Tuscan columns and plain balustrade; the porch wraps around and shelters part of the south elevation which fronts on the railroad right-of-way. The original German siding of the house is presently covered with white aluminum siding. The lines of the building are varied by hip dormers centered in the south and east planes of the roof, and a one-story semi-octagonal projecting bay on the south elevation.

8. Sig	nificance		Surve	y No. PG	#70-49-33)
Period prehistor 1400–149 1500–159 1600–169 1700–179 1800–189 1900–	Areas of Significance—Check and jaric archeology-prehistoric commences archeology-historic consequences archeology-historic consequences architecture architectur	nunity planning ervation omics ation eering ration/settlementry	law literatu military music nt philoso	ape architectu re /	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify
Specific dat	tes c. 1910 Builder/A	rchitect I	saiah T.	Hatton	
check: Ap	oplicable Criteria: _A _B _ and/or oplicable Exception: _A _B _ evel of Significance: _national	CD		_G	
	oth a summary paragraph of signif			statement	of history and

This house is typical of houses being built in the suburbs of the early twentieth century; it represents the popular American Foursquare, in its compact or 3/4 form. It was built in 1910 for Thomas Junius Calloway, general manager of the Lincoln Land and Improvement Company, and the prime mover in the promotion of the new Lincoln community. It is nearly identical with the house designed by Isaiah T. Hatton for his family, and it is very likely that Hatton designed the Calloways' house as well. Writing in 1915 about the developing Lincoln community, Calloway indicated that through Hatton's guidance the community had been able to maintain a high standard in home planning, and in return the community had helped Hatton "by putting practically all our business of designing into his hands."

Thomas Junius Calloway was a man of considerable importance in the progress of African Americans on a national level. A graduate of Fisk, he had received a law degree from Howard University in 1904, and he practiced law in Washington, D.C. He was an organizing member of the Negro Development Company, and by the time the Lincoln community was beginning, he had been actively involved in Negro participation in the Paris Exposition in 1900 and the Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition in 1907. Calloway was instrumental in acquiring Rosenwald funding for the Lincoln School, and served as its first principal. He was the only black representative from Prince George's County to serve on the Maryland Inter-Racial Commission when it formed in 1927; he served until his death in 1930.

The house which was built for Calloway's family in 1910 was typical of the period, modest in form, and was probably used by the family as a retreat rather than a full time dwelling (the Calloways maintained a residence in Washington also). It is important, however, because of the prominence of its owner.

9.	Major	Bibliog	raphical	References
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Survey No.

See African-American Heritage Survey, M-NCPPC, 1996

10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of nominated property 13,059 sq.ft. Quadrangle name Lanham	•	TM 45, Block Y, Lot 23 Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
UTM References do NOT complete UTM references A	BZo	ne Easting Northing
C	D F 	
Verbal boundary description and justification		
List ail states and counties for properties overla	apping state	or county boundaries
state code	county	code
state code	county	code
11. Form Prepared By		
name/title Susan Pearl, Research/Arch	itectura	Historian
organization Historic Preservation Com	ım.	date September 1997
street & number 14741 Governor Oden Bov	vie Dr	telephone 301-952-3521
	· ·	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No. 1732015704

DOE __yes __no

1. Name (indicate prefe	erred name)		
historic Thomas J. Calloway Ho	use		
and/or common			
2. Location			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
street & number 9949 Elm Street		·	_ not for publication
clty, town Lanham	vicinity of / Lin	coln congressional district	5
state Maryland	county	P. G.	
3. Classification			
district public x building(s) x private structure both site	Status X	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Propert	y (give names and	l mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name William and Phyllis Ma	artin		
street & number 9949 Elm Street		telephone no.	794-7383 : 344-4331
city, town Lanham	state a	nd zip code Maryla	······································
5. Location of Legal			
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. P.G.	Co. Courthouse		liber 5400
street & number Main Street			folio 694
city, town Upper Marlboro		state M	aryland
6. Representation in	Existing	Historical Surve	ys
title None			
date		federal state	county loca
depository for survey records			
city, town		state	

7. Description

Survey No. #70-33

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unalteredX altered	Check one X original site moved	e date of move	
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Calloway House is a "four-square" two-and-one-half story frame house with hipped roof, somewhat larger than the similar Holland-Green house (#70-34) across the street. The Calloway house is three bays wide, with entrance into the third bay of the main facade (which faces northeast). Unlike most of the other older houses in Lincoln, the Calloway house was positioned diagonally on the lot (#23, Block Y). There is a one-story porch across the main facade, and a small pyramidal hipped dormer centered on the roof ridge.

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	archeology-historic agriculture _X_ architecture art	heck and justify below X community planning conservation economics X education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	iandscape architectu X iaw iiterature military music t philosophy X politics/government	re religion science scuipture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify) Black History
Specific dates	1910	Builder/Architect		
App]	licable Criteria:A and/or licable Exception: el of Significance:	ABCD	E _F _G local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The community of Lincoln was developed out of land formerly belonging to Col. Arthur Randall of Glen Dale. In 1908, the Lincoln Land & Improvement Co. divided the area into small lots and sold to Black families from Pennsylvania, W. Virginia, Virginia, Maryland and the Washington Metropolitan area. Thomas Junius Calloway, real-estate agent for the company, purchased his lot in 1910 and his home was subsequently used as a 'model' for families interested in purchasing lots in Lincoln.

By the time Thomas Calloway purchased his home, he had already established himself as a man of importance in national Black affairs. Graduate of Fisk University (1889) and Howard University Law School (1904), Attorney Calloway was not only a practicing Lawyer, Educator (in the 'Tuskegee' tradition), but an early civil rights activist, along with Dubois, Cardoza, Terrel and McKinlay. He was originator and organizer of the Negro Exhibit in the 1900 International Paris Exposition, as well as, organizing member of the Negro Development Co. which handled the Negro Exhibit at the 1907 Jamestown Tercentennial Exposition.

Along with his activities as member of the National Negro Business League, Principal of Lincoln School and continuing Law practice, he was the first and only Black representative from Prince George's Co. to serve onthe Maryland Inter-Racial Commission in 1927. This body was the forerunner of the State Human Relations Commission.

His role in the growth of Lincoln was one of key importance. Not only was he a founding trustee of Seaton AME, it was thru his assistance that residents were able to obtain a Rosenwald Grant for the construction of the Lincoln School. While a resident, Calloway contributed numerous articles on community activities to the Washington Bee, an independent Black newspaper which ran from 1898 to around 1922.

The home of Thomas Calloway and his wife Lettie Louise was a significant factor in the maintenance and progress of an early middle class Black community in the Metropolitan area suburbs. The importance of his former home lies not only in it's hallmark as a symbol of an early politically active and progressive community, but in the life and stature of it's first occupant, Thomas J. Calloway.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No.P.G.#70-33

P.G. Co. Deeds: #5400:694; #4803:665; #1626:245; #647:234;

#66:24

P.G. Co. Will: WTD #2:377

10. G	eographi	cal Data	,	
	name Lanham	olete UTM refer	ences	Quadrangle scale
Zone E	asting No	rthing	BZone	Easting Northing
C			D	
	ndary description	÷		
List all stat	les and counties fo	code	county	county boundaries code
state				
state state		code	county	code
state	orm Prep	code	county	code
11. F		code		
11. F		code ared By arl and Biance	ca P. Floyd	
state	Susan G. Per	code ared By arl and Biance	ca P. Floyd	Appril 1002

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P. G. #70-33

Calloway House
Prince George's County, Md.
Susan G. Pearl
March 1983
Northeast Elevation
Neg: Md. Hist. Trust, Annapolis, Md.



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Northeast Elevation
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